How to integrate your Advantech data into PRTG

Fieldbus gateway EKI-1242NR



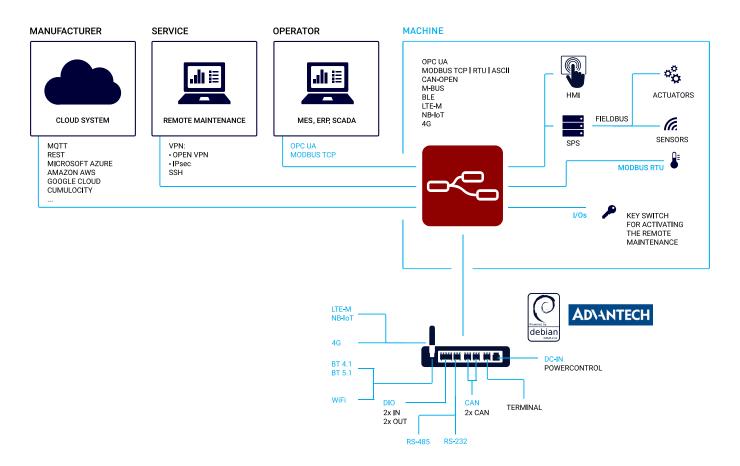




Gateway: General functionality

The gateway is essentially a connection between the factory floor and various other systems. Here is a typical architecture that ADVANTECH Gateways might be implemented in:

All Advantech V3 routers, including the Smart-Fex, Smart-Start and IC3231 product lines, are based on an implementation of Node-RED.



Node-RED provides a browser-based flow editor that makes it easy to wire together flows using the wide range of nodes in the palette. Flows can then be deployed to the runtime in a single-click.

This makes it especially suitable for the development of data acquisition and pre-processing logic. The ready-made components for various communication protocols and general data processing functions make Node-RED even more user-friendly. The routers can thus, in addition to their standard routing functions, also be used as complete IoT an IIoT gateways.

Perhaps less well known is that Advantech developed the first Node-RED fieldbus gateways several years ago and still produces them.

This includes the EKI-1242NR, which is the subject of this article. Admittedly, it is a bit outdated and the Node-RED version as delivered is V0.17.5. Because of this, many core functions of the current versions of Node-RED are missing; however, this does not mean that it no longer serves its purpose.

If you currently have a gateway of this type in use, here is how the integration with PRTG works.

Note: If you are thinking about getting a new Node-RED based gateway, we recommend the current gateway series from ADVANTECH, as mentioned at the beginning. In this case, integration into PRTG is also greatly simplified, thanks to the Node-RED Connector for PRTG.



Gateway: Configuration guide

In the case of the EKI-1242NR, the integration is done via the MQTT protocol.

PREREQUISITE: You have already completed the basic configuration of your gateway.

Begin by calling Node-RED in your web browser using the IP address of your gateway followed by the typical Node-RED port number, 1880, e.g.: http://<Your-Gateway-IP>:1880

With the following instructions, you will be able to monitor the memory of your gateway and pass it on to PRTG via the MQTT protocol. The only requirement is that you use your own MQTT broker.

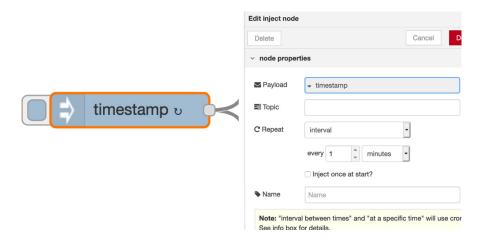
To help demonstrate a Node-RED flow, we created an example that you can reproduce directly without further devices connected to the gateway.

The complete flow looks like this:



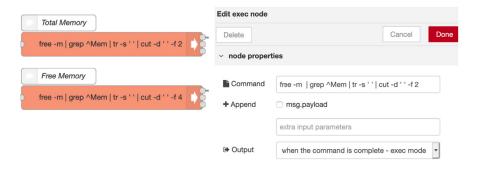
STEP 01

The "inject" node (aka timestamp) on the left side is set to a transmission interval of 1 minute:



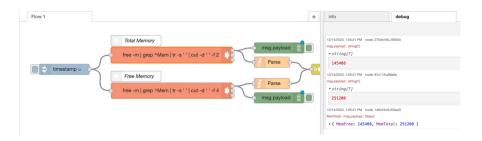
STFP 02

The two "exec" nodes execute standard Linux commands at the operating system level. The upper node monitors the total memory, while the second node monitors the free memory.





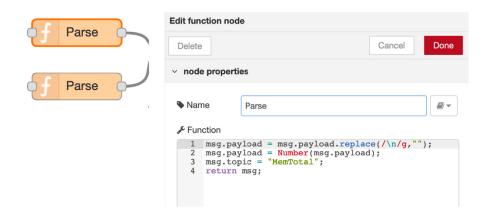
If you debug **both nodes**, you get the feedback of both values in the debug window. To do this, **click on the "inject" node and switch to the debug window**.



STEP 04

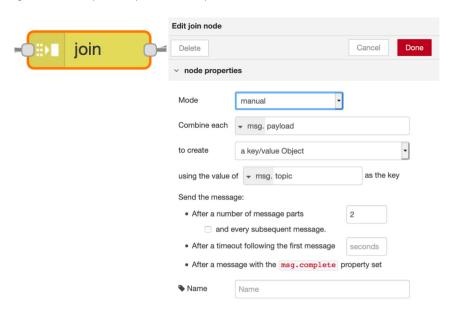
The returned value from the operating system must now be cleaned up because it still contains special characters. Furthermore, we convert the string into an integer. This is necessary so that we can monitor the data with PRTG.

Finally, **mark the values with individual topics**. This is done to combine the individual values as one data package in the next step. Here we use the "function" node:



STEP 05

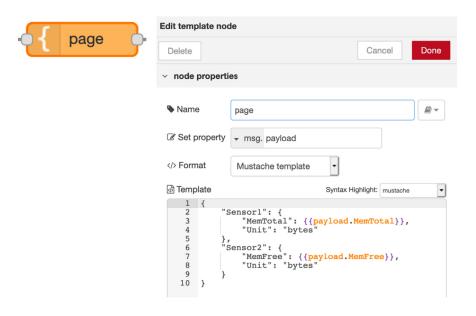
Using the "join" node, combine the two individual data streams into one data package with the help of the predefined topics.





In PRTG, the "MOTT Subscribe Custom Sensor" is used for this purpose. The only requirements are that the data are numeric values and that the data are JSON compliant.

To achieve this, use the "template" node and define the respective variables from our flow



STEP 07

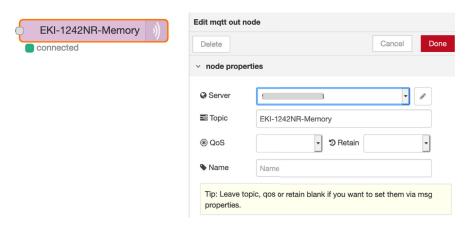
The required JSON conformity is achieved through the "change" node. Here you essentially define the "headers".



Edit change nod	е	
Delete	Cancel	Done
v node propert	ies	
Name Name	Set Headers	
I≣ Rules		
Set	▼ msg. headers	
	to [+ {} {}	×
Set	▼ msg. headers.content-type	
	to a application/json	×

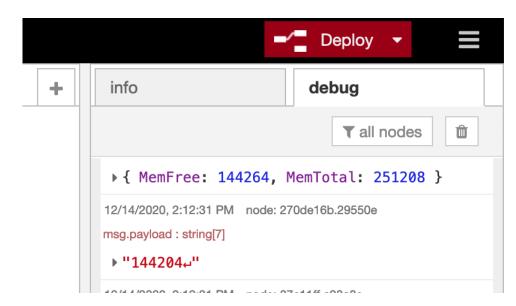


The actual transfer of data to **PRTG takes place via the "mqtt out" node**. Simply formulated, PRTG accesses the data of the MQTT broker via MQTT subscribe. Within the "mqtt out" node, you also **define the specific credentials**. Also set an individual topic, which you will use in PRTG.



STEP 09

The configuration of the flow in Node-RED is complete. Now is the time to put the flow into operation. To do this, **click on "Deploy" in the upper right-hand area** of the window.



The only thing missing is the appropriate sensor in PRTG. As already mentioned, we want to use the "MOTT Subscribe Custom Sensor" for this.



PRTG Configuration Guide

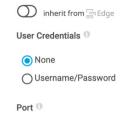
In PRTG, you **first create a new device**. In our example, we call it EKI-1242NR. Also enter the IPv4 of your MQTT broker.

Add Device to Group Edge	×
Add a New Device	
Define a device name and address, options for auto-discovery, and credential settings for Windows, Linux, VMware/X if necessary.	(EN, and SNMP
PRTG Manual: Add a Device	
Device Name and Address	
Device Name ^①	
EKI-1242NR	
IP Version ®	
Connect using IPv4	
Connect using IPv6	
IPv4 Address/DNS Name 0	
This field is required.	

STEP 02

Now scroll down and enter the details of your MQTT broker

Credentials for MQTT



STEP 03

Once the device has been successfully created, **configure the MQTT sensor**. To do this, click on "Add Sensor".





Use the search field and select the "MQTT Subscribe Custom BETA" sensor.

Add Sensor to Device Advantech [99.80.80.150]

Availability/Uptime	O CPU Usage	0
Bandwidth/Traffic	O Disk Usage	0
Speed/Performance	Memory Usage	

Search Q mqtt

Most Used Sensor Types

MQTT Statistics BETA ? Collects statistics about incoming messages on a predefined topic

Needs valid credentials for MQTT in the settings of the parent device or group.

MQTT Subscribe Custom BETA

Subscribes to an MQTT topic and monitors five numerical values queried from the received JSON data

Needs valid credentials for MQTT in the settings of the parent device or group.

STEP 05

Now configure this sensor as follows:

Basic Sensor Settings	Sensor Name 0	MQTT Subscribe Custom BETA
	Parent Tags ①	
	Tags 0	mqtt x mqttsubscribecustom x
	Priority ⁽¹⁾	★★★☆☆
MQTT Specific	Topic ⁽¹⁾	EKI-1242NR-Memory
	Channel #1 JSONPath	\$.Sensor1.MemTotal
	Channel #2 ^①	Oisable (default) Enable
	Channel #2 JSONPath	\$.Sensor2.MemFree
	Channel #3 ^①	Disable (default) Enable
	Channel #4 ^①	Disable(default) Enable
	Channel #5 ①	Disable (default) Enable
Sensor Display	Primary Channel ®	MemFree (bytes)
	Graph Type ^①	Show channels independently (default) Stack channels on top of each other

Cancel sensor creation



After you have saved the sensor, you have to wait a little while for the **first data to be read by PRTG**.

The result looks like this:



Only the individual steps that were used for the data transfer to PRTG are necessary for you. In general, you can use any data protocol that Node-RED supports as a data source.

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Since 1997, when Paessler first introduced PRTG Network Monitor, it has combined its in-depth monitoring knowledge with an innovative spirit. Paessler knows the challenges of complex IT, OT and IoT infrastructures and networks. Paessler products empower its customers to monitor everything, and thus help them optimize their resources.